9. Why Factor Analysis is required ? Describe the Factor Analysis in brief with stating suitable assumptions. How it is useful in the field of Biostatistics ?
$\qquad$
x ----

## Question Paper Code : 6404

M.A./M.Sc. (Sem.-IV) Examination, 2018

## BIOSTATISTICS

## [Second Paper]

## (Applied Multivariate Analysis)

Time : Three Hours]
[Maximum Marks : 70
Note : Attempt total five questions by selecting one question from each of the unit. Question No. 1 is compulsory. Use of non-scientific calculator is allowed.

1. Define the following in short:
(a) Canonical Correlation
(b) Principal Component Analysis
(c) Factor Analysis
(d) Cluster Analysis
(e) Multiple correlation coefficient
(f) Partial correlation coefficient
(g) Scatter matrix plot
(h) Problem of classification
(i) Problem of Multicollinearity
(j) Dummy variable

## UNIT-I

2. (a) What do you understand by multiple regression? Give the estimate of parameters for multiple regression model. Also state their properties.[5]
(b) For three variables $X_{1}, X_{2}$ and $X_{3}$ the simple correlation coefficients are $r_{12}=0.59, r_{13}=0.67$ and $r_{23}=0.90$. Compute all possible partial correlation coefficients.
[5]
3. Compute all possible multiple correlation coefficient for the data given in question 2(b). Also test their significance assuming that the sample size is 15 . Given $\mathrm{t}_{13,0.05}=2.13$.
[10]

## UNIT-II

4. (a) What do you understand by Hotteling's T2 statistics? Define the tests for mean vector under single sample problem.
[5]

## UNIT-IV

8. Write the steps involved in performing the PCA using SPSS. By applying the PCA on a dataset using SPSS following results are obtained. Interpret these without rewriting the tables.

| Total Variance Explained |  |  |  |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Components | Initial Eigenvalues ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |
|  | Total | \% of Variance | Cumulative \% $\%$ |
| 1 | 3426.42 | 91.97 | 91.97 |
| 2 | 212.42 | 5.7 | 97.67 |
| 3 | 50.59 | 1.36 | 99.03 |
| 4 | 19.89 | 0.53 | 99.56 |
| 5 | 9.14 | 0.25 | 99.81 |
| 6 | 4.10 | 0.11 | 99.92 |
| 7 | 2.67 | 0.07 | 99.99 |
| 8 | 0.20 | 0.01 | 100.00 |
| 9 | 0.08 | 0.00 | 100.00 |
| 10 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 100.00 |


(b) Given that using a sample of size 25, from a multivariate normal population with mean vector $\mu$ and variance-covariance matrix $\sum$, the mean vector and variance-covariance matrix are obtained as :
$\bar{X}=\left[\begin{array}{l}25 \\ 20 \\ 30\end{array}\right], \Sigma=\left[\begin{array}{ccc}20 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 50 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 40\end{array}\right]$
Test the null hypothesis that $H_{0}: \mu=\left[\begin{array}{l}28 \\ 25 \\ 32\end{array}\right]$.

Given that $F_{3.22,0.05}=3.05$.
5. (a) For the data given in question 4 (b) test the symmetry of the mean vector. $\mathrm{F}_{3.25,0.05}=2.99$.[5]
(b) For the data given in question 4 (b) test the null hypothesis $\quad H_{0}: \mu_{1}+2 \mu_{2}+3 \mu_{3}=75$ and $\mu_{1}+\mu_{2}=45$, where $\mu_{1}, \mu_{2}$ and $\mu_{3}$ are elements of mean vector $\mu$.

Given that $F_{2,25,0.05}=3.39$.

## UNIT-III

6. What do you understand by Discriminant analysis? Also define its use in the field of Biostatistics. Obtain the classification rule for classifying an individual into one of two multivariate normally distributed populations.
7. Write down the steps involve in performing the discriminant analysis using SPSS. On applying discriminant analysis on a dataset using SPSS following results are obtained. Interpret these results without rewriting the tables :

| Tests of Equality of Group Means |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | F | df1 | df2 | Sig. |
| Years with current employer | 60.76 | 1.00 | 698 | $<0.01$ |
| Years at current address | 19.40 | 1.00 | 698 | $<0.01$ |
| Household income in thousands | 3.53 | 1.00 | 698 | 0.06 |
| Debt to income ratio (x100) | 124.9 | 1.00 | 698 | $<0.01$ |
| Credit card debt in thousands | 44.47 | 1.00 | 698 | $<0.01$ |


|  | Box's M | 400.64 |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
|  | Approx. | 26.42 |
| F | df1 | 15.00 |
|  | df2 | 484853.56 |
|  | Sig. | 0.00 |


| Classification Results |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Predicted Group Membership |  |  |
| Previously defaulted |  |  | No | Yes | Total |
| Original | Count | No | 393 | 124 | 517 |
|  |  | Yes | 43 | 140 | 183 |
|  | \% | No | 76.0 | 24 | 100.0 |
|  |  | Yes | 23.5 | 76.5 | 100.0 |
| Cross validated | Count | No | 392 | 125 | 517 |
|  |  | Yes | 46 | 137 | 183 |
|  | \% | No | 75.8 | 24.2 | 100.0 |
|  |  | Yes | 25.1 | 74.9 | 100.0 |


| Classification Function Coefficients |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Nreviously Defaulted |  |
|  | 0.18 | -0.01 |
| Years with current <br> employer | 0.13 | 0.08 |
| Years at current <br> address | 0.04 | 0.05 |
| Household income <br> in thousands | 0.35 | 0.46 |
| Debt to income <br> ratio (x100) | -1.06 | -0.66 |
| Credit card debt in <br> thousands | -4.02 | -4.55 |
| (Constant) |  |  |

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( 5 )
[P.T.O.]

